

Richard Nixon Presidential Library  
 Contested Materials Collection  
 Folder List

<u>Box Number</u>	<u>Folder Number</u>	<u>Document Date</u>	<u>No Date</u>	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Document Type</u>	<u>Document Description</u>
12	4	9/30/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	White House Staff	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Camp David Dinner--October 8, 1971 to be held in honor of top contributors. 1 pg.
12	4	9/30/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Dump Agnew Meeting/September 30, 1971. 2 pgs.
12	4	9/29/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Dent's statements about Agnew in which the New York Post stated in an article, "Nixon Won't Dump Agnew." 1 pg.
12	4	9/28/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: "Opposition Braintrusts", and discussions with Dick Allen on how best to monitor the development of the operation. 1 pg.

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12	4	9/28/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	White House Staff	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: The approval of the dinner at Camp David on October 8, combined with a detailed list of attendees. 1 pg.
12	4	9/27/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: The attached report on the Governor's Conference in San Juan, held from September 12-15. 3 pgs.
12	4	9/27/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Vice President Fund Raising Letter for Congressional Committee. 1 pg.
12	4	9/21/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Letter	From Gerald R. Ford to Spiro T. Agnew. RE: A request to Vice President Agnew to sign a fund raising letter for the Congressional Committee. 2 pgs.
12	4	9/25/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Ken Rietz' campaign organization plan for the Young Voters for the President, and deserves immediate review. 1 pg.

<u>Box Number</u>	<u>Folder Number</u>	<u>Document Date</u>	<u>No Date</u>	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Document Type</u>	<u>Document Description</u>
12	4	9/24/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Gerald Ford's request to the Vice President to sign a fund raising letter for the Congressional Committee, and subsequent reasons for why he should do so. 1 pg.
12	4	9/21/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Letter	From Gerald Ford to Spiro Agnew. RE: Gerald Ford's attempt to persuade the Vice President to sign a fund raising letter for the Congressional Committee in the later part of the year. 2 pgs.
12	4	9/22/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: The project to turn off Father McLaughlin's fundraiser in Rhode Island. 1 pg.
12	4	9/21/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: An outline of the leaders in charge of the "Youth for Nixon" program. 1 pg.
12	4	9/20/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: The attendees at the California political meeting working on the Campaign of 1972. 1 pg.

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12	4	9/20/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Compass Systems Inc., and the Attorney General's decision to fund the corporation, providing \$65,000 for equipment leases and \$75,000 for the "system" cost. 1 pg.
12	4	9/16/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	White House Staff	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Muskie's use of Frank Sinatra's plane, and discussions of Sinatra's loyalty to the President. 1 pg.
12	4	9/14/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	White House Staff	Memo	From Haldeman to Gordon Strachan. RE: The report that Muskie used Frank Sinatra's plane while traveling on the West Coast. Furthermore, Sinatra's rumored support of the President must be confirmed. 1 pg.
12	4	9/16/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Secretary Vople Memorandum for the President Regarding the 1972 Campaign. 1 pg.
12	4	9/16/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to The Attorney General. RE: Secretary Volpe's request for direction to the Cabinet as it relates to the 1972 Campaign. 1 pg.

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12	4	9/15/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	White House Staff	Memo	From Charles Colson to Haldeman. RE: John Volpe's attached letter, and the need to forward it to the Attorney General for further review. 1 pg.
12	4	9/13/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Letter	From John to Charles W. Colson. RE: The passing on of the attached letter to the President as a guide to help in the organization of his cabinet for the 1972 Campaign. 2 pgs.
12	4	9/15/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: The completion of the RNC film by the Goodman Agency. 1 pg.
12	4	9/15/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Funds for the Special Election in Maryland. 1 pg.
12	4	9/15/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Discussions on the building of the Pat Nixon Museum. 1 pg.

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12	4	9/3/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Constance Stuart to Haldeman. RE: Suggestions on who could provide some advice to aid in the construction of Pat Nixon's Museum in the city of Cerritos, California. 1 pg.
12	4	9/9/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: The problem of control and direction of the financial aspect of the 1972 Campaign, and the RNC's need for fund raising. 1 pg.
12	4	9/9/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Letter	From Hugh W. Sloan, Jr. to Gordon Strachan. RE: the attachment of a draft of a fund raising letter that is to go out to those RN associates who have contributed monetarily this year. 4 pgs.
12	4	9/7/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: New Hampshire Crowds: Comparison of the President's versus Democrats. 1 pg.
12	4	9/1/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Gordon Strachan to Haldeman. RE: Political and Ideological Categories--ORC Computer Sheet. 2 pgs.

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12	4	8/31/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Tom Benham to Haldeman. RE: The exact questions that relate to political affiliation, and catagoried into the following groups: Republicans, Democrats, Independents, Lean Republicans, Lean Democrats, and Other Independents. 1 pg.

Presidential Materials Review Board

Review on Contested Documents

**Collection:** H. R. Haldeman  
**Box Number:** 233

**Folder:** Strachan--Chron, To HRH only September 1971

<u>Document</u>	<u>Disposition</u>
239	Retain Open
240	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/30/71
241	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/30/71
242	Retain Open
243	Retain Open
244	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/29/71
245	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/28/71
246	Retain Open
247	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/28/71
248	Retain Open
249	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/27/71
250	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/27/71
251	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/25/71
252	Retain Open
253	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/24/71
254	Retain Open
255	Retain Open
256	Retain Open
257	Retain Open
258	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/22/71
259	Retain Open
260	Retain Open
261	Retain Open
262	Return Private/Political Memo Strachan to HRH 9/21/71

Presidential Materials Review Board

Review on Contested Documents

Collection: H. R. Haldeman  
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263	Retain	Open	
264	Return	Private/Political Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/20/71
265	Return	Private/Political Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/20/71
266	Retain	Open	
267	Retain	Open	
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272	Retain	Open	
273	Retain	Open	
274	Retain	Open	
275	Return	Private/Political Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/16/71
276	Return	Private/Political Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/16/71
277	Return	Private/Political Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/15/71
278	Retain	Open	
279	Return	Private/Political Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/15/71
280	Retain	Close	Invasion of Privacy Memo Strachan to HRH 9/15/71
281	Retain	Open	
282	Return	Private/Personal Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/15/71
283	Retain	Open	
284	Retain	Close	Invasion of Privacy Memo Strachan to HRH 9/11/71
285	Retain	Open	
286	Return	Private/Political Memo	Strachan to HRH 9/9/71
287	Retain	Open	
288	Retain	Close	Invasion of Privacy Memo Strachan to HRH 9/9/71

Administratively Confidential

September 30, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Camp David Dinner--  
October 8, 1971

Kalmbach called to report that the Attorney General cannot attend the October 8 Dinner at Camp David for the top contributors.

Chapin's office (Dave Parker) indicates that a possible alternate date is October 29, the Friday evening before the President is scheduled to go to Camp David on October 30.

Neither Kalmbach nor the Attorney General consider it essential for the Attorney General to attend. The Attorney General would like to attend but would not feel insulted if the event went ahead without him, according to Kalmbach.

Recommendation:

That the October 8 Camp David Dinner for top contributors proceed as planned without the Attorney General attending.

Approve \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

GS:lm

HRHX

Administratively Confidential

High Priority

September 30, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Dump Agnew Meeting/  
September 30, 1971

Herb Klein obtained the attached note from a newsman, indicating that Jack Whitney had asked Tom McCall, Jacob Javits, and Ed Brooke to a "dump Agnew" meeting tonight at the Army-Navy Club in Washington.

Information about who attends and their plans could be obtained by Congressman Brad Morse (R-Mass.) who Colson knows well. He may or may not be invited.

Recommendation:

That Colson contact Brad Morse to see if he would attend as our agent.

Approve \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

GS:lm

911-111

Tom McCall:

Jock Whitney and 2 other Republican leaders have contacted a lot of thought leaders around the country, invited them to a meeting September 30 at 8 pm at Army-Navy Club in Washington.

Javits, Ed Brooke, and others, to discuss political picture in 1972.

(Indicated it would be a "dump Agnew" meeting.)

September 29, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Dent's Statements About Agnew

The New York Post carried a story "Nixon Won't Dump Agnew, GOP Told" on September 22, 1971. The story reports that Harry Dent sent a letter to the Conservatives in New York saying that "despite what you read in the press, there is no plan to drop Mr. Agnew from the ticket in 1972".

The importance of the letter rather than a statement from a White House Aide was emphasized by New York State Conservative Party Chairman J. Daniel Mahoney who said:

"It is one thing, however, to have soundings and another to have a letter from a White House political representative."

The question is whether Harry Dent has authority to make this type of statement. If not, a clearance procedure should be established.

It might also be helpful for you to periodically review the materials sent out by Harry Dent. All the correspondence and memoranda could be culled by a system similar to that used with Colson, Malek, and Dean.

Recommendation:

1) That Dent clear political commitment statements with the Attorney General.

Approve \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_ Comment \_\_\_\_\_

2) That Dent begin forwarding copies of his letters and memoranda to the Haldeman office for review.

Approve \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_ Comment \_\_\_\_\_

GS:lm

Administratively Confidential

September 28, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

"Opposition Braintrusts"

Discussion with Dick Allen about his specific follow-up proposals for establishing an apparatus to monitor the opposition's braintrusts developed the attached memorandum. To summarize:

- 1) Allen believes it can be very useful to identify the individuals who are submitting substantive issue advice to the Democratic Contenders. He cites his activities in 1968 as indicative of how it can be determined what the opposition will say and how the President's initiative or response can be prepared in light of this knowledge;
- 2) The operation would consist of a \$20,000 per annum staff man, a research assistant, and support materials requiring a total expenditure of \$37,500. Initial funding would be from the Committee for the Re-Election of the President, but Allen believes he could raise "part or all of the required funds . . . from contacts which I presently have without invading regular campaign contributions";
- 3) Allen recommends that he "remote control" the operation from the White House. The operation would be located at 1701 or at a "friendly" public relations firm.

Recommendation:

That Allen's opposition braintrust be approved in theory, discussed with the Attorney General at your next meeting, and begun on an informal basis now.

Approve \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

GS:lm

Administratively Confidential

September 28, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Camp David Dinner -  
October 8

The Kalmbach top contributors dinner at Camp David has been approved for Friday evening, October 8, 1971 according to Chapin's office (Dave Parker).

Kalmbach has been instructed that the total number attending the dinner would be eleven. The President, the Attorney General, and Kalmbach are the first three. He believes that Maury Stans should be the fourth, as this would bring him even closer to assuming the role of Nixon Finance Chairman for 1972. Kalmbach requests authority to invite Stans on September 28. Kalmbach also seeks authority to invite Stone, Mulcahy, Scaife, and Guest. The final three spots would be filled by Kalmbach after discussion with Maury Stans.

Recommendation:

That Kalmbach be authorized to invite Stans, Stone, Mulcahy, Scaife, and Guest to the October 8 Camp David Dinner.

Approve \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_

Comment+ \_\_\_\_\_

GS:lm

Administratively Confidential

September 27, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

McWhorter Report on Governor's  
Conference - San Juan

Charlie McWhorter submitted the attached report on the National Governors' Conference, September 12-15, 1971. The report makes these points:

- 1) The Conference was a success because the Democratic Governors could not unite behind Larry O'Brien and Marvin Mandel to attack the Nixon Administration;
- 2) Louis Nunn and Bill Milliken ably led the Republicans, who met with Dole on Campaign assistance for the President;
- 3) The Vice President had a positive impact on the entire Conference;
- 4) Muskie's speech on Attica was not particularly well received, but McWhorter was impressed with the Senator's sincerity and force of conviction;
- 5) Although few Democratic Governors are committed, they seem to favor Muskie.

GS:lm

September 23, 1971

Memorandum

To: Bob Haldeman

From: Charlie McWhorter

Re: National Governor's Conference - San Juan, Puerto Rico -  
September 12-15, 1971

The recent meeting of the National Governor's Conference in San Juan has to be regarded as a success from the point of view of the Nixon Administration. This was the first policy making session of the National Governors since the 1970 elections when the Democrats gained a strong majority (29-21). Most of the Democratic Governors had met in Miami Beach on Saturday, September 11 under the auspices of Democratic National Chairman Larry O'Brien. At that time they had attempted to reach agreement on a resolution with regard to the President's new economic program. As a result of disagreement in Miami, a group of four Democratic Governors headed by Governor Mandel of Maryland was named as a "drafting committee." After several false starts in San Juan, the Democratic Governors finally were able to have a meeting where they gave their support to a somewhat watered down but still critical resolution.

Under the rules of the National Governor's Conference no resolutions can be considered which are not circulated to all members at least 30 days in advance of the Conference unless the Governors, by a 3-4th vote, agree to suspend the rules. This requirement gave the Republican Governors power to prevent any vote on the Democratic proposal. The political question became one of whether there would be any extended discussion at the time Governor Mandel proposed his resolution. As a result of GOP consultation with Governor Hearnes who was serving as the Chairman of the Conference, a ruling was obtained that such a motion was not debatable and, as a result, the Mandel resolution was never even read and there was no discussion on the merits.

It is important to note that the media covering the Conference was almost unanimous in its distain for this Democratic effort. The Republican Governors stood united and, under the leadership of Louis Nunn and Bill Milliken, they built up a considerable spirit of cooperation and determination to stick by the President in an organized way. Bob Dole attended the luncheon meeting of the Republican Governors and agreed to devote a major working session of the Republican Governor's Conference to be held in French Lick, Indiana on November 17-19, 1971 to a discussion aimed at producing a specific program for campaign assistance by the Republican Governors next year.

Vice President Agnew played a very positive role while he was at the Conference and this was commented upon most favorably by many Governors of both parties and by the media. There had been a considerable amount of unhappiness expressed by the Governors at their Executive Committee meeting at Lake Tahoe last summer which probably reflected their annoyance over not being given a greater role in the Federal program for hiring the unemployed. As a result, these Governors had requested a meeting with the President to discuss the question of liaison with the White House. The Vice President met with the Executive Committee in San Juan before the Conference began and, from all reports, this was a good meeting which resulted in their agreement that the Vice President and his staff be responsible for liaison with the various Governors.

Senator Muskie had been invited by Governor Hearnes to make the major speech of the Conference. This invitation caused some critical comment by both Democrat and Republican Governors but was not a serious problem. According to a press aide, Senator Muskie rejected a draft of a speech dealing with welfare reform and revenue-sharing in favor of a general statement of personal concern with the implications of Attica and related problems. Senator Muskie was not able to give his speech until nearly midnight and his audience was not very responsive. The press was clearly divided on the effectiveness of the speech but in my opinion he was able to convey great sincerity and force of conviction which would be appealing to many open-minded voters. This kind of rhetoric and expression of personal feeling will undoubtedly have to be accompanied at some point by a program to implement his views and that will provide a much better target.

Senator Muskie seemed to be a clear favorite among the Democratic Governors in San Juan although most of them are uncommitted. Muskie benefits from the fact that there is practically no interest among these Governors in the other Democratic alternatives such as McGovern, Humphrey and Lindsay although Senator Jackson does have a good reputation among the more conservative Democratic Governors.

In summary, the Conference must be regarded as a success for the Administration and for the efforts of Republican Governors at the Conference and as a significant step forward for Senator Muskie whose relative strength compared to his other rivals was most apparent to the national media attending the Conference.

Administratively Confidential

September 27, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Vice President Fund Raising  
Letter for Congressional  
Committee

The Vice President's office (Art Sohmer) called to ask whether or not the President would object to the Vice President signing a fund raising letter for the Congressional Committee submitted by Gerald Ford.

Harry Dent believes that the Vice President should sign this letter for two reasons. First, the Vice President has signed similar letters in the past, so Gerald Ford and the Congressional Committee would not understand if he refused this time. Second, "it would be no skin off our nose" if the Vice President signed. The letter would have no effect on the fund raising efforts for the President's 1972 Campaign.

However, Dent believes that the draft submitted to the Vice President by Ford is too negative and smacks of hucksterism. The letter should be redrafted to assure no degradation of the dignity of the Vice President.

Recommendation:

That the Vice President sign the Congressional Committee fund raising letter upon redrafting.

Approve \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

GS:lm

GPO  
ZIP 40

Congress of the United States  
Office of the Minority Leader  
House of Representatives  
Washington, D.C. 20515

September 21, 1971

The Honorable Spiro T. Agnew  
Vice President of the United States  
2203 New Senate Office Building  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Vice President:

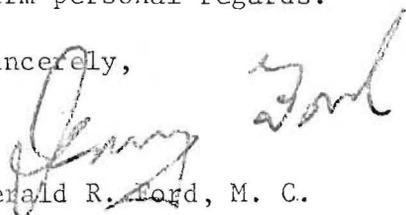
Earlier in the year when I wrote to you with a request that you sign a fund raising letter for the Congressional Committee, you indicated that you might be willing to do so later in the year.

The Congressional Committee is now doing everything possible to raise its budget for the last quarter of the year, which, among other things, will insure the continuing incumbent support programs which the Committee funds. Fund raising, particularly by the Committee's direct mail programs, has been difficult this year, but Bob Wilson and I feel strongly that a letter signed by you and mailed to a good list of Republican friends might very well turn the trick and produce the needed income.

I enclose a draft letter for your consideration, and I would be personally very appreciative if you can sign it for the Committee's use.

Warm personal regards.

Sincerely,

  
Gerald R. Ford, M. C.

GRF:Rn  
Enclosure

*Ant*  
*Att 2 a presidential call*  
*STH*

DRAFT

Dear Fellow Republican:

I'm hearing far too much talk these days against President Nixon's Administration. I don't mean complaints from the radical Left. We expect that. I'm referring to gripes from good Republicans.

I know that no Administration is perfect. But let's be sensible. Let's not forget the key point: no Administration is much better than the Congress it has to work with. Right now, President Nixon is up against an overwhelmingly Democrat Congress.

Electing a Republican ticket in 1972 is only half the job we face. The entire House of Representatives comes up for election. If President Nixon wins (and I for one am going to work my heart out to see that he does), then we mustn't saddle him with a Democrat House that far too often delays, emasculates or road-blocks the President's constructive legislative program. I personally think that we'd be hearing far less criticism from good Republicans if Dick Nixon had a Congress that would work with him, not against him.

In the House, about 40 seats can make the difference. Bob Wilson and my other friends at the Republican Congressional Committee tell me that we have a chance -- if we can get enough early seed money. You can't get a good man to take on the job of unseating a Democrat unless you can give him professional campaign help -- along with the funds he must have to break through in the media.

That is why I am writing to you today. I probably won't write a more important letter this year. I've seen how the Republican Congressional Committee can make the difference in a campaign -- for a conspicuous example, the special election that brought Barry Goldwater to Congress.

If you will send your check to the Committee today (an envelope is enclosed) you can be sure your money will count for our country next fall. And please -- won't you make out the check for as much as you can spare? Thank you.

Yours in friendship,

P.S. The Committee people tell me that if you send \$25, you'll receive the Republican Congressional Newsletter every week for a full year. I recommend this. It is valuable reading, especially in an election year.

September 25, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Youth

Ken Rietz submitted his campaign organization plan for Young Voters for the President. The plan, which the Attorney General has received but not approved, deserves your attention because of the keen interest in the Youth vote.

The plans on campus organizations and mock conventions are very briefly discussed on page 16.

The Rietz recommendations are specific with careful attention given to timing, expenses, and key states. The recommendations are not initialed or commented upon as Kehrlí and I plan to review the Rietz proposal and the Jamie McLane reports point by point with them.

Jamie McLane submitted his monthly report for the President on the youth effort. The report plagiarizes Rietz' efforts, catalogues ongoing activities, and has a great deal of "fill" on future plans and ideas. Kehrlí and I will prepare a memorandum for your signature outlining the areas M McLane should concentrate on after reviewing both documents with Rietz and McLane.

GS:lm

Administratively Confidential

September 24, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Vice President Fund Raising  
Letter for Congressional  
Committee

Gerald Ford asked the Vice President to sign a fund raising letter for the Congressional Committee.

Harry Dent believes that the Vice President should sign this letter for two reasons. First, the Vice President has signed similar letters in the past, so Gerald Ford and the Congressional Committee would not understand if he refused this time. Second, "it would be no skin off our nose" if the Vice President signed. The letter would have no effect on the fund raising efforts for the President's 1972 Campaign.

However, Dent believes that the draft submitted to the Vice President by Ford is too negative and smacks of hucksterism. The letter should be redrafted to assure no degradation of the dignity of the Vice President.

GS:lm

7.

Congress of the United States  
Office of the Minority Leader  
House of Representatives  
Washington, D.C. 20515

September 21, 1971

The Honorable Spiro T. Agnew  
Vice President of the United States  
2203 New Senate Office Building  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Vice President:

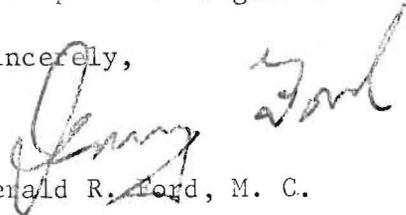
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Warm personal regards.

Sincerely,

  
Gerald R. Ford, M. C.

GRF:Rn  
Enclosure

CRF  
It's a presidential call  
SFR

DRAFT

Dear Fellow Republican:

I'm hearing far too much talk these days against President Nixon's Administration. I don't mean complaints from the radical Left. We expect that. I'm referring to gripes from good Republicans.

I know that no Administration is perfect. But let's be sensible. Let's not forget the key point: no Administration is much better than the Congress it has to work with. Right now, President Nixon is up against an overwhelmingly Democrat Congress.

Electing a Republican ticket in 1972 is only half the job we face. The entire House of Representatives comes up for election. If President Nixon wins (and I for one am going to work my heart out to see that he does), then we mustn't saddle him with a Democrat House that far too often delays, emasculates or road-blocks the President's constructive legislative program. I personally think that we'd be hearing far less criticism from good Republicans if Dick Nixon had a Congress that would work with him, not against him.

In the House, about 40 seats can make the difference. Bob Wilson and my other friends at the Republican Congressional Committee tell me that we have a chance -- if we can get enough early seed money. You can't get a good man to take on the job of unseating a Democrat unless you can give him professional campaign help -- along with the funds he must have to break through in the media.

That is why I am writing to you today. I probably won't write a more important letter this year. I've seen how the Republican Congressional Committee can make the difference in a campaign -- for a conspicuous example, the special election that brought Barry Goldwater to Congress.

If you will send your check to the Committee today (an envelope is enclosed) you can be sure your money will count for our country next fall. And please -- won't you make out the check for as much as you can spare? Thank you.

Yours in friendship,

P.S. The Committee people tell me that if you send \$25, you'll receive the Republican Congressional Newsletter every week for a full year. I recommend this. It is valuable reading, especially in an election year.

September 22, 1971

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN  
FROM: GORDON STRACHAN  
SUBJECT: McLaughlin Fund Raiser

You asked that the Father McLaughlin fundraiser in Rhode Island be turned off. John Dean tried but Ray Price "got in the middle of it," so the project is still on but "with restraint."

GS:elr

September 21, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN  
FROM: GORDON STRACHAN  
SUBJECT: Youth

James McLane, in Chuck Colson's office, is the man responsible for "youth" here at the White House. McLane submitted a memorandum for the President through Chuck Colson on August 25, 1971. The memorandum catalogues the current activities and has several Finch and Colson approved recommendations (a copy is attached).

The Attorney General's man for youth is Ken Rietz, the manager of Bill Brock's campaign. Brock has been working closely with Rietz developing a campaign plan for youth. A draft plan has been reviewed by Kehrli and myself and we believe it is sound. The plan is vote-delivery oriented. Substantial effort will also be directed toward public relations, favorable media coverage events, such as successful Republican registration drives and control over mock conventions, etc.

On September 24, 1971 the final memorandum will be ready. The Attorney General specifically requested that you read the memo as it will allay many of the President's concerns.

GS:dg

Administratively Confidential

September 20, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

California Political Meeting

The Attorney General told Magruder on September 18 that the attendees at the California political meeting on Campaign 1972 would be Ronald Reagan, Edward Rienecke, Evelle Younger, Houston Flournoy, Robert Finch, Robert Monaghan, Gordon Luce, Tom Reed, and Putnam Livermore. The Attorney General has specifically excluded the "financial types". The breakfast meeting is tentatively scheduled for October 1 or 2. Magruder will make the arrangements and attend.

GSLkm

Administratively Confidential

September 20, 1971'

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Compass Systems Inc.

You may recall that in May there was considerable discussion between you, the Attorney General, and Robert Finch regarding the value of Compass Systems, Inc. to the President's efforts in California in 1972. Robert Finch had committed \$60,352 to Put Livermore. You and the Attorney General put a hold on the project. Several alternate methods of financing were considered and rejected. Finally, Magruder assigned Bob Marik to the project. He prepared the attached memorandum to the Attorney General for Magruder's signature.

Job Magruder met with the Attorney General on September 18 and obtained his decision to fund Compass Systems, Inc. The amounts involved are \$65,000 for equipment leases and \$75,000 for the "system" cost through November, 1972.

GS:lm

Administratively Confidential

September 16, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Muskie Use of Sinatra Plane

You asked whether Senator Muskie had used Frank Sinatra's plane on the West Coast. Muskie did use the plane, which is owned jointly by Frank Sinatra and Danny Schwartz, a Democrat from San Francisco who raised funds for Humphrey in 1968. Schwartz authorized Muskie's use of the plane. It is not known whether Sinatra knew of the use of the plane.

The Vice President's office (Roy Goodearle) reports that "Sinatra is still with us". Sinatra usually checks with Peter Malatesta, of the Vice President's office, if there is an event which would give the appearance of not supporting us. For example, Sinatra called to ask if it would be a problem if Danny Schwartz attended a Humphrey fund raiser here in Washington recently. Malatesta said no but asked Sinatra not to attend. Sinatra left Washington the evening before the event to avoid attending.

Colson's office (Henry Cashen) was pushing very hard to have Sinatra introduced to the President quietly. Colson believes this idea has been rejected because of the Attorney General's opposition.

Magruder confirms that it is his understanding that the Attorney General is "negative on Sinatra". However, Magruder will check when he sees the Attorney General on Saturday.

The net result is that Sinatra is still with us and could be brought to a full endorsement if he met the President, if this were deemed appropriate.

GS:lm

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

ADMINISTRATIVELY  
CONFIDENTIAL

September 14, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR : GORDON STRACHAN  
FROM : H. R. HALDEMAN *H.*

Do some checking on the report that Muskie used Frank Sinatra's plane on his West Coast political junket last week.

Particularly, find out first whether this is true. If so, check with the Vice President's office and find out how this jibes with the reports that Sinatra wants to support the President. You might also check this with Magruder and with Colson's office.

As you probably know, we've received reports from a number of directions that Sinatra was on our side. His supplying a plane to Muskie would not seem to be evidence of that.

*Carol - did use Sinatra plane  
Plane jointly owned by Sinatra &  
Danny Schwartz - San Fran  
business, home partner  
a Dem, big H.H.H. fundraiser  
and supporter etc. made  
it avail for Muskie.*

*V P (Goodcastle) R info  
Danny Schwartz - a friend of VP  
Sinatra still w/as. Never been to WH; possible  
Sinatra invited to H.H.H. fundraiser but didn't  
attend here in CA ash. Sin called  
Palatka & asked if Schwartz still OK  
JSM - A.G. very negative on Sinatra, but would be over in w/flight.*

Administratively Confidential

September 16, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

Secretary Volpe Memorandum  
for the President Regarding  
1972 Campaign

Colson forwarded Volpe's request for direction from the President concerning activities by the Cabinet in the 1972 Campaign.

Colson suggests that the Volpe memorandum be sent to the Attorney General. A memorandum transmitting the material without Colson's note has been drafted for my signature.

\_\_\_\_\_ Send without Colson's note under  
Strachan's memorandum

\_\_\_\_\_ Send under Haldeman's memorandum

\_\_\_\_\_ Other

GS:lm

Administratively Confidential

September 16, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

Mr. Haldeman asked me to send you Secretary Volpe's request for direction to the Cabinet concerning the 1972 Campaign. The President has not seen Secretary Volpe's memorandum.

GS:lm

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 15, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN

FROM: CHARLES COLSON *WC*

SUBJECT: Attached Letter

I'm sorry that John Volpe sends these things through me but we are old friends and that, I guess, is understandable.

Notwithstanding his procedure, I think he has raised some very good points which should be answered by someone, obviously not the President. I would assume you would want to route this through the Attorney General.



THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20590

September 13, 1971

Honorable Charles W. Colson  
Special Counsel to the President  
The White House  
Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Chuck:

Please pass this on to the President since it could furnish some helpful guidance to the Cabinet for their 1972 campaign activities.

Warm personal regards.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, consisting of a long horizontal stroke that loops back up and over itself to form a stylized, somewhat abstract mark.

Enclosure



THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20590

September 13, 1971

EYES ONLY

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

I think it would be most helpful to all members of the Cabinet if we could receive some direction on the following matters relevant to the 1972 campaign:

- (1) Should Cabinet Officers retain a voting residence in their home States?
- (2) Should Cabinet Officers, if eligible, become delegates to the National Convention from their home States?
- (3) What role, if any, should members of the Cabinet play in the Presidential primaries in New Hampshire and elsewhere?

There are obviously competing considerations on some of these points. For example, serving as a delegate could result in restricting our floor activities in the Convention, practically dictating that we remain in close contact with our own delegation; on the other hand, depending on the regulations, it may be the only way for us to be on the Convention floor.

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized loop followed by a horizontal line extending to the right.

September 15, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN  
FROM: GORDON STRACHAN  
SUBJECT: RNC Film

The Republican National Committee film has been completed by the Robert Goodman Agency. It was screened by Chapin, Carruthers, Goode, Tom Evans, Magruder, Kehrl, and myself. It needs a good deal of work and Magruder has asked Chapin to allow Goode to work with the Robert Goodman Agency. Chapin agreed to this arrangement on the theory that the best talent available within the White House, Committee, and RNC structure should work on a final product. Goode expects at least a month of work needs to be done.

GS:elr

September 15, 1971

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN  
FROM: GORDON STRACHAN  
SUBJECT: Funds for Special Election  
in Maryland

In May \$25,000 was made available to Rogers Morton for the Bill Mills campaign. Morton gave you and the Attorney General a personal commitment to repay the loan. The money has not been received in spite of Lee Nunn's persistent prodding of Bob Hitt. The Attorney General raised the subject twice with Secretary Morton, once in July and once last week. Morton assured repayment but set no time frame. Follow-up with Lee Nunn will continue weekly until the money is received.

GS:elr

September 15, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN  
FROM: GORDON STRACHAN  
SUBJECT: Pat Nixon Museum

Connie Stuart is seeking advice on behalf of the First Lady concerning an individual who could advise the City of Cerritos as it works on the Pat Nixon Museum.

Mrs. Stuart doesn't want "the heavy handed approach of the President's lawyer, Herb Kalmbach." Rather she wants an artist or architect who can advise the City on "display techniques, lighting, etc." Mrs. Stuart called L. Gaunt, the cataloguer, originally but she didn't follow through.

Discussion with Mrs. Stuart indicates that she would accept Kalmbach as the individual generally in charge if some artistically oriented individual were working with the City's museum people. Kalmbach suggests Joe Connell, the interior decorator who did San Clemente.

\_\_\_\_\_ Approve Connell                      \_\_\_\_\_ Disapprove Connell  
\_\_\_\_\_ Other

GS:elr

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 3, 1971

MEMORANDUM TO H. R. HALDEMAN

FROM: CONSTANCE STUART

As you know, Mrs. Nixon's childhood home in Cerritos, California is being turned into the Pat Nixon Museum by the City of Cerritos.

Mrs. Nixon thinks that someone locally in California might be able to provide some advice and counsel to Cerritos as they develop this project. She has asked me to ask you for a suggestion of someone to assist in this work.

The City has done a fine job in designing and maintaining a beautiful city park on the grounds of the home, and there is a great deal of enthusiasm for doing the Museum. However, since the finished product will obviously be a reflection of Mrs. Nixon, she would like the end result to be as good as possible. Mrs. Nixon is interested in having someone consult with the City on display techniques, lighting, etc.

Would you have someone to suggest?

Administratively Confidential

September 9, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

RNC Fund Raising

Symtomatic of the constant concern and occasional anger of our fund raisers (Kalmbach, Nunn, and Sloan) is the attached letter from Sloan enclosing an RNFC fundrraising letter that Milbank plans to send shortly. The RNFC letter indicates that President Nixon is an active candidate at this time, that the funds are being solicited for 1972 media expenses, which in light of the two million projected RNC deficit is inaccurate; and that the RNFC is to have the financial responsibility for the President's campaign.

The RNFC letter will be brought to Secretary Stans' attention this afternoon by Hugh Sloan. Lee Nunn is trying to reach the Attorney General.

The larger problem of control and direction of the financial aspect of the 1972 Campaign remains. You discussed this subject with the Attorney General on July 2. In the two months since that meeting the concern of our fund raisers has increased about the decisions regarding the RNC budget, the lack of response to the RNC November 9 dinner, and the increased attempts by RNC fund raisers to get to the contributors first.

You mentioned that you d~~id~~ not want a regular follow up system on projects assigned to the Attorney General so a talking paper on these subjects is not attached.

GS:lm

HUGH W. SLOAN, JR.  
SUITE 272  
1701 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N. W.  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20006  
(202) 333-4550

September 9, 1971

Personal & Confidential

Mr. Gordon Strachan  
The White House Office  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Gordon:

Per our conversation of yesterday, I am enclosing for Mr. Haldeman's information a draft of a fund raising letter that is scheduled to go out tomorrow over Jerry Milbank's signature to those RN associates who have already given this year. This draft was made available to me by a concerned individual at the Republican National Committee.

To my mind, the letter raises five questionable points:

1. It implies that the President is an active candidate at this time.
2. It states that the money is being collected for 1972 TV and campaign expenses which, to my knowledge, is not the case in view of the RNC's current cash flow situation.
3. It implies that the Republican National Finance Committee is charged with the responsibility of running the President's finance campaign.
4. It doesn't ask for enough money and the timing for such an appeal is suspect.
5. An installment plan from now until November 1972 would seem to tie the hands of the Nixon Finance Chairman and restrict his flexibility in fund raising program selection.

Mr. Gordon Strachan  
September 9, 1971  
Page 2.

I do not know whether anything can or should be done but thought Bob should be aware of this. I have also brought a copy of the letter to Secretary Stans's attention.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Hugh".

Hugh W. Sloan, Jr.

enclosure

Dear \_\_\_\_\_:

As you know, 1972 is the big election year, and we must re-elect President Nixon for another important four years of office.

As in 1968, a sizable amount of money will be needed for TV and other election campaign expenses.

You have already been most generous in contributing to the Party in 1971, as you also have done in prior years, and we are not asking for additional funds now. But we do have a new idea which we hope you will consider favorably and which will enable us to have a real head start on 1972.

We hope you will be willing to plan now to contribute at least the same amount that you contributed to elect the President in 1968, and to pay this amount on a quarterly installment basis between now and Election Day 1972. This would enable those who have the campaign responsibility to conduct a more efficient and effective campaign.

The Democrats know in advance that they can count on large contributions from the big labor unions. They will fight hard to defeat President Nixon.

We can re-elect the President in 1972 if we have the funds to carry on an effective campaign, and an indication of possible help from you will mean a great deal at this time.

Please return the enclosed card indicating the amount you may be willing to contribute with the thought that you would make payments on this amount in five installments between now and November 1972. We would be glad to send you reminders of the dates for these payments. We will appreciate it very much if you will return the card herewith in the enclosed stamped envelope.

Thanks in advance for your help which will mean so much to the President and to all who are working for his re-election.

Jeremiah Milbank, Jr.

Administratively Confidential

September 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H.R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT:

New Hampshire Crowds:  
Comparison of President's  
versus Democrats

You asked Chuck Colson to get out some comment on the comparison of the Democrats' crowds in New Hampshire with the President's crowds there.

Colson directed Shumway to contact columnists about doing stories on the subject but the efforts were to no avail. Colson recommends that we drop the project because he believes it is now impossible to get any columnist to do it.

GS:lm

September 1, 1971

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN

FROM: GORDON STRACHAN

SUBJECT: Political and Ideological  
Categories -- ORC Computer  
Sheet

Tom Benham submitted the explanation (attached at Tab A) of the political and ideological categories that appear on the ORC computer sheets. Discussion with Benham and O'Neill developed the following points that may be of assistance in reading the computer sheets:

1. When the respondent answers the question, "In politics as of today, do you consider yourself a Democrat, Republican, independent, or something else?" Only the first three possibilities (Republican, Democrat, independent) appear on the computer sheets. For example, in the Economy Poll approve/disapprove of the President (copy attached at Tab B) there were 239 Republicans, 355 Democrats, and 322 Independents, for a total of 916.
2. This total of 916 does not include the "something else" category (socialist, vegetarian, etc.) that is a possible response to the initial question (q. 19 on the Economy Poll, q. A in Benham's analysis); the 916 also does not include those who respond "Don't know"/"Undecided" to 19 on the Economy Poll, q. A in the Benham analysis.
3. Nevertheless, as q. 20 on the Economy Poll, q. *B* in the Benham analysis indicates both the 322 "Independents" and the 45 "Don't Know/Undecided" are asked the leaner question. Hence the total responses to q. 20 on the Economy Poll, q. *B* in the Benham analysis equal 367, not 322.

4. The category "Other independents" includes the real pure independents (those who will not lean Republican or Democratic) and the "Don't Know"/"Undecided" from q. 19 on the Economy Poll, q. A in Benham's analysis, but does not include the "something else" category.

5. To summarize using the unweighted base figures comprising the 1,002 respondents actually interviewed:

	Republican	239
	Democrat	355
Q. A.	Independent	322
	Don't Know/Undecided	45
	Something Else	41
		<u>1,002</u>

	Lean Republican	105
Q. B.	Lean Democrat	144
	Other Independents	118
		<u>367</u>

	Republican	239
Q. B.	Democrat	355
	Independent and Don't Know/ Undecided	367
		<u>961</u>

Q. A.	Something Else	41
		<u>1,002</u>

August 31, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

H. R. HALDEMAN

FROM:

TOM BENHAM

The exact questions that relate to political affiliation as asked in our telephone surveys are as follows:

- A. In politics as of today, do you consider yourself a Democrat, Republican, independent, or something else?
- |   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| 1 | DEMOCRAT             |
| 2 | REPUBLICAN           |
| 3 | INDEPENDENT          |
| 4 | DON'T KNOW/UNDECIDED |
| 5 | SOMETHING ELSE       |

IF "INDEPENDENT" OR "UNDECIDED" ON Q. A., ASK:

- B. As of today, do you lean more toward the Democratic party or more toward the Republican party?
- |   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| 1 | DEMOCRATIC           |
| 2 | REPUBLICAN           |
| 3 | DON'T KNOW/UNDECIDED |

The responses on these two questions are then translated into the six categories (computer sheet categories) as follows:

Republican  
Democrat  
Independent  
Lean Republican  
Lean Democrat  
Other Independents

The categories and the questions are grouped into these computer groupings as follows:

"Republicans" are "2s" on question A. "Democrats" are "1s" on question A. "Independents" are "3s" on question A. "Lean Republicans" are "3s" and "4s" on question A that are "2s" on question B. "Lean Democrats" are "3s" and "4s" on question A that are "1s" on question B. "Other Independents" are "3s" and "4s" on question A that are "3s" on question B.

Those who are "5s" on question A ("Something Else") are omitted from the computer sheet.

I hope this clears up any confusion. Incidentally, the same procedure is used in classifying ideology.

TOM BENHAM:GS:kb